States v. McQuade, 647 F.2d 938, 940 (9th Cir. 1981) (per curiam) (quoting Jefferson v. United States,

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¹Refers to court's docket number.

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277 F.2d 723, 725 (9th Cir. 1960)). The litigant need not "be absolutely destitute to enjoy the benefits of the statute." Adkins v. E.I. Du Pont De Nemours & Co., 335 U.S. 331, 339 (1948).

While Plaintiff's application states that she is unemployed, she indicates that she has \$10,628.33 in cash or in a checking or savings account. (Doc. #1 at 2.) Accordingly, it appears Plaintiff does have the means to pay the filing fee in this action. Therefore, Plaintiff's application to proceed in forma pauperis (Doc. # 1) is **DENIED**. Plaintiff has **THIRTY DAYS** from the date of this order to pay the filing fee. If Plaintiff fails to pay the filing fee, the district court may issue an order for dismissal of the case. The court will address Plaintiff's pending motion for leave to amend the names of three individual defendants (Doc. # 5) once Plaintiff has paid the filing fee.

Plaintiff sets forth no authority supporting her request that the U.S. Marshal serve the defendants in this action. The United States Code allows for service by the U.S. Marshal upon request by the plaintiff when a party is proceeding in forma pauperis, 28 U.S.C. § 1915, or when the plaintiff is a seaman proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 1916. See also Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(c)(3). Plaintiff's application to proceed in forma pauperis has been denied; therefore, Plaintiff's request to have service effectuated by the U.S. Marshal (Doc. # 6) is likewise **DENIED**.

WILLIAM G. COBB

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: February 18, 2014.

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